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## THE DAILY NEWS.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1877.

The senate was in attendance on the Baltimore races yesterday.

GEORGE FOX, the "Humpty Dumpty" of many generations of little folks, is dead. "Where be your gibes now? your gambols? your songs? your flashes of merriment?"

THE czar of Russia still publicly adheres to the fiction of "the improvement of the condition of the Christians in the provinces," and announces this as a reason for the continuance of the war.

THE English mission seems to be an Avernus. There is a *facilis descensus* about it which is bad for the country. First we had Schenck, then we got down to Pierpont, and now Simon Cameron is threatened as a lower depth.

THE promise made by editor Fulton, of the Baltimore American, that a reform candidate for mayor should be elected if the collector of the custom house was put out, was not redeemed. This is another instance of the inevitable failure of the doctrine of doing evil that good may come.

AN immense public meeting in Philadelphia was addressed by the Rev. John Hall of New York and other prominent preachers on "the prevailing desecration of the Sabbath." The permanent exposition was attacked full in the face for its open doors on Sunday. The law of 1794 providing penalties for Sabbath desecration was cited as being still in force, and a committee was appointed to consider what action should be taken.

AN announcement from the Woodruff scientific expedition explains the postponement of that enterprise. It was found that extensive alterations would have to be made in the vessel selected, which would consume a great deal of time and then would not make the vessel all that was desired. A contract has been made with John Roach, the iron ship-builder, to build a vessel for the purpose, and this is to be finished by the 15th of May. The route of the expedition has been changed so that it will first go to Europe, taking in the Paris exposition, and then proceed east. The expedition, promised to be a success, two hundred and sixty persons having agreed to go, and there was a great deal of interest taken in it in many parts of the country. If this interest can be maintained, the delay will be advantageous in all respects.

SHORTLY after the July riots a workingmen's party was organized in Baltimore on an avowedly communistic platform, and a candidate for mayor was nominated. There were two others in the field: George P. Kane, ex-mayor, who gained considerable notoriety at the outbreak of the rebellion, as a democratic candidate, and H. M. Warfield who was elected two years ago as a reformer but who was cheated out of the office, as a candidate upon the same platform. The workingmen's party developed a good deal of strength, the head of the ticket, Mr. Thompson, strenuously denying any belief in communism and virtually throwing the platform overboard. He was supported by a good many republicans who two years ago supported Warfield, and the latter was given the cold shoulder, in the hope that an alliance with the workingmen would beat Kane. The latter was elected yesterday by a majority of 15,000. Doubtless there was a good deal of cheating done, as the ring party in Baltimore did not intend to lose its grip under any circumstances, but the majority is so large as to leave no doubt that Mr. Kane was fairly elected. There has been a good deal of corruption in Baltimore first and last, as democrats admit, but Kane's election is expected to make a change. He is a man of decided character, and much improvement is anticipated under his administration. The power of the mayor in Baltimore is very great. He is the head of the city government in reality as well as in name, and we do not know of a city in the country where greater responsibility attaches to the office.

TO SPEAK of Mr. Evans as a man not sufficiently practical, as the Journal does, referring to the tender of the English mission to Pennsylvania, is to argue one's self into a corner. About the most practical man in modern society is a lawyer well read and practiced, and Mr. Evans is a lawyer of lawyers, noted on both sides of the sea for the length of his sentences and the hardness of his head. Nor do we see that it was "eminently proper for the president to consider locality as one of the elements of choice in the selection of a minister, just as he did in the choice of an associate justice of the supreme court," as the Journal also declares, and for the very reason declared in the declaration. An associate justice is called upon to administer

in circuits which include different parts of the country, and a man who is of the people included in a circuit, acquainted with local laws, customs, and temperaments, versed in the peculiarities of practice which may prevail in the region, and familiar with the complexion of cases arising therein, is better fitted to preside in that district than one whose life and habits have been formed in another latitude, and to that extent there is a fitness in consulting locality in the appointment of a justice. But it is absurd to assume that a representative of this government to another nation is more or less qualified for the place on account of the locality from which he comes. The best man for the place is the one who should be sent to St. James or any other court, whether he comes from Maine or Texas. The "locality" element, in such selections, is an outgrowth of the old state-rights, slavery and anti-slavery jealousies, and in this year of grace, 1877, is as absurd as it is obsolete. But the News holds all the same that Simon Cameron is eminently unfit to represent the American people in any place, and not on account of locality, but especially because he is a representative of the corruption of Grantism, and generally because he has not sufficient of those qualities possessed by "them dam literary fellows."

## The Reason of It.

Mr. W. B. Vickers, formerly editor of the Mirror of this city, and now a Denver editor and a good one, says in a letter published in The News yesterday of the defeat of woman suffrage in Colorado: "Among the several causes assigned for our defeat, the most prominent is the fact that so few women were really interested in favor of their own enfranchisement." That is the difficulty everywhere. If a majority of the wives, daughters, sisters and mothers of male voters really wanted the privilege of the ballot box they could have it as certainly as they could make their wishes understood. There has never been a time since the "reform" or "movement" or "humbug" or what not of "woman suffrage" was first proposed, that women would have made a party, or even a point, of antagonism to it, if they could have felt assured that the better element of their households would feel wronged without it. Just fancy the state of a family in which a mother and grown sisters, with possibly an aunt and an occasional grandmother or mother-in-law, should really and not capriciously want to vote, and the father, a grown son or two and a loosely attached uncle or two should seriously resist. Some eyes in a swarm of gnats "would be weakness" as Mrs. Gamp says, to express the discomfort of that house. Extend the contention, the alienation—not the mere petulance that retaliates a disappointed dress or a forgotten concert with neglected buttons or dilapidated socks, but the sense of real grievance, of injustice enforced by master against affection—divide every household upon the line of sex, and the community would be as much worse than Babel as Babel was worse than a Quaker meeting. In a week there wouldn't be a man whose home was home and not a proprietary eating house, who would not say to his wife, his mother, his daughters, "vote for peace's sake vote; vote early, often, on all sides, everywhere, but let me have one place where I'll see nobody to wrangle with and nothing to put hot ashes from my own hearth on the fresh scratches I get outside." Women, at least women happily set in their own homes, care about as little for political contentions as lotus eaters for a prize fight. We don't doubt that the polls would be purer for the presence of estimable women, and as the result would be about the same—the process only multiplying both members of the equation by two, leaving the relative proportion unchanged—the concession might be an advantage. In the main, women know that the ballot would have little service or interest for them—value would be exceptional—and therefore they care little about it. Whenever they really care, and show it, they'll get it, as they usually get pretty much everything they really want.

## THE EASTERN WAR.

Bombardment of Schipka Pass—The Czar Determined.

Several accounts concur in stating that the Turks have commenced a vigorous bombardment against the Russian positions in Schipka pass, and have already silenced one battery.

A Berlin correspondent says it is asserted that Prince Gortschakoff, in a communication to the Russian ambassador there, emphasized the determination of the czar to continue the war until the condition of the Christians of Bosnia, Herzegovina and Bulgaria is improved.

According to news from the best source at Constantinople, the grand vizier can not agree with Mahmoud Damad Pasha on the question of the armistice. Damad had urged an armistice with all his influence. The grand vizier recently tendered his resignation but afterward withdrew it.

## Business Reverses.

Twogood & Elliott's banking house, at Marion, Iowa, one of the oldest in the state, suspended yesterday. Liabilities fully \$150,000; assets unknown. Quite an excitement prevails.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of 25 per cent in favor of the creditors of the first national bank of Delphi, Indiana.

## Rioters Sentenced.

F. Murray and Toll Gallagher, Pittsburgh rioters, have been convicted of receiving stolen property and sentenced, the first to three years in the penitentiary and the other to six years and \$1,000. Murray is but sixteen years of age.

## Morton's Over-Issue.

The committee appointed to investigate find that the amount of stock over issued by Morton, of the West Philadelphia railroad company, amounts to 9,200 shares, or 7,200 more than the charter authorities.

## CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The History of the President's Order to Office Holders.

[Washington Special to the Chicago Times.]

At the onset of the administration the question of eliminating from politics the corrupt influence of federal officials was often considered. It was found upon examination that in nearly all great cities of the country the rings of federal office holders had so managed political matters that it was practically impossible for any body outside of the rings to obtain any nomination to office, and this influence had become so great that it was deemed advisable on the part of the president to see what he could do to reach it. It was first considered in the cabinet and afterwards discussed by the president with his most intimate friends. What he desired most to break up was the influence of politicians in the make up of conventions. It was thought best at first to direct an order to be issued by the heads of the various departments to their subordinates saying that they were directed by order of the president to abstain from acting in political conventions or in unduly effecting the nomination of men for office. One of the most favorably considered of the schemes was the proposition of writing a letter to some well-known official who had been actually engaged in politics, and to state to him that it was the president's desire that he should not continue to exercise the duties of his office under the government, and at the same time fill a political office. It was thought best to address this to some person who was on intimate terms with the president so that he would not take it unkindly and then to have the correspondence published with a view of indirectly influencing federal officials throughout the country, but this proposition did not please the president for it seemed to him that it exhibited a timidity and that it would not in reality have the effect that he desired to accomplish. It was finally resolved to put the matter in the shape of an executive order, making it peremptory and binding upon every official under the government. This was done after long and careful consideration. George W. Curtis and others of his class, who visited the White house at this time, thought that this was the wisest course to be adopted. Every possible argument against the issuing of such an order has since come as the result of this order was at that time considered. It was argued even then that such an order carried out would have a tendency to disorganize the party, to do away with its local management, and to strand the so-called republican party upon the shoals of defeat.

Mr. Curtis and his friends urged upon the president, however, that even if the defeat and the total wreck of the so-called republican party were accomplished by the carrying out of such an order, there was still reason for its being issued; that if the republican party depended only for its life on rings, it was time that the matter should be submitted to the people whether the party was not regarded as less important than the issue that the president desired to make in promulgating this order. He believed, as his friends believe, that if the party should be disorganized and demoralized by the absence of its usual local managers, the first defeat that came would be of a temporary character, and that there were enough good men in the country who would rally to this work, if need be, and perform it more earnestly and successfully than have the office-holders in their best days. This is regarded as the question still to be solved, and the president declares in his most decided manner, that not a single iota of the order has been changed, and that the order will stand so long as his administration. Immediately after issuing the order there were great numbers of letters poured in upon the White house asking for information as to the proper construction of the order. In all instances replies were sent stating that the president did not intend in any way to dictate to any official what he should do during the canvass; that the order was solely directed toward the manipulation of canvassers, and that during a political canvass every federal official could use his own judgment and act any local part he should desire to take in the canvass. The statement is made positively that this was the original construction of the order, and that there has been no change in the mind of the president upon the subject. It is also denied authoritatively that the removal of the consul who took part in the canvass in Ohio, was, as has been alleged, for this reason. The consul was removed for cause known best to the state department, and the president had nothing to do with it. He has made no removals of federal officials for making speeches in the campaign, and does not so intend.

## Mrs. Hayes's Economy in Dress.

If Mrs. Hayes's economical style of dress is followed by the ladies of fashionable society, many really worthy and cultivated ladies will be seen and known who would otherwise remain in seclusion rather than spend time, money and attention unnecessarily upon elaborate wardrobes. Mrs. Hayes still wears in public the same plain black silk.

## The Louisville Derby.

The Louisville jockey club has announced the entrance free to the public on Derby day next, when one of the greatest races of 1878 will take place. The stake is worth \$4,500.

## Treaty With the Indians.

A treaty has been completed between the Dominion government and the Blackfoot Indians, by which the Indians cede 51,000 square miles of territory to Canada.

## An Insurance Company Solid.

An examination of the New York life insurance company has been made by the superintendent of insurance in New York, and its condition found to be good.

## Grant at Paris.

Gen. Grant arrived in Paris yesterday and was warmly received by Mr. Noyes, American minister, J. Meredith Reed, and other Americans.

## Connolly to be Tried.

A struck jury has been ordered in the suit of the state against ex-comptroller R. B. Connolly, of ring notoriety, for \$10,000,000.

## Cubans Taken to Spain.

It is stated that Don Tomas Estrader and other Cuban leaders taken prisoners in Cuba are to be brought to Spain.

## Death of a Queen.

Queen Pomare, of the Society islands, died September 20th of heart disease. Her son Ariane succeeds her.

## Humpty Dumpty Dead.

George L. Fox died yesterday at the residence of his brother-in-law, George C. Howard, in Cambridge.

## All Things Love Her.

O sweet wild rose that bud and blow  
Along the way that my love may go;  
O moss-green rocks that touch her dress;  
And grass that her dear feet may press;  
O maple tree whose brooding shade  
For her a summer rest has made;  
O golden rod and brave sunflower;  
That flame before my maiden's bower;  
O butterfly on whose light wings  
The golden summer sunshine clings;  
O birds that fill o'er wheat and wall,  
And from cool hollows pipe and call;  
O falling waters whose distant roar  
Sounds like the waves upon the shore;  
O winds that down the valley sweep,  
And lightnings from the cloud that leap;  
O skies that bend above the hills,  
O gentle rains and babbling rills;  
O moon and stars that beam and burn—  
Keep safe my love till I return.  
—Richard Watson Gilder.

## SCRAPS.

Russia has 139 holidays in every year.

Two-button kids—A young goat fight.

Not a lottery ticket is now to be bought in New York.

It is proposed to uniform the Allegheny county, Pa., paupers.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, the noble advertiser, is a candidate for state senator from Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has just returned to this country, leaving her daughters at school in Germany.

Small Brazilian monkeys are in greater demand for pets than toy terriers in noodledom New York.

Artificial flowers, highly perfumed and made into bouquets, find a ready sale in New York than real ones.

New York has twenty sugar refineries, some of which produce 2,500 barrels a day, or nearly 500,000 pounds.

California has suddenly discovered that she has about 30,000 young men who are worthless, except to undertakers.

Give us good pavements.—[N. Y. Herald.] Be patient and you shall some day have them—all made of good intentions, too.—[Courier Journal.]

The New Haven Union pertinently asks: What is the difference between a fool and a man who leaves his horse standing on the cross-walk?

Clara Louise Kellogg says it takes her fully a year to learn an opera, but then she gives herself dead away by saying she knows and can sing forty operas.

Who was dot non vat walks der shireed,  
Und paws mit clery von he meed,  
Und shakes mit seen out of eight?  
Vy! pless you, dot's der candidate.  
—[Boston Post.]

General Sherman is lavish of his kisses, but it is noteworthy that he doesn't waste any of them on grim senators. Therein he refuses to support the administration.—[Chicago Times.]

The steady increase of the soldiers, sailors and widows of 1812 is frightful to contemplate. More bills in their behalf have been introduced this session than for any other purpose.

Conkling has taken to brushing back and pasting down with cosmetic wax the curls which used to adorn his forehead. The little curls inside his head, which can not be reached by wax, are supposed to be as perverse as ever.

The idiotic postal regulation by which postal cards bearing a newspaper clipping are made unavailable should receive the attention of congress. Will the publishers' association redeem itself by concentrating its fire upon the absurd inconvenience?—[C. J. Smalltalk.]

Articles of jewelry have of late found their way here from India of a rare and novel character. They consist of tiger's claws richly decorated with virgin gold. Two claws, with the butts placed together, form a crescent, and serve for a brooch, while single claws are used for earrings.

## A NOSE TO DOGS.

"The dog who loves to bark and bite,  
Who sleeps all day and barks all night—  
(Oh him with an aerolite!)  
Of him I write."

"He lives a life of languid ease—  
He sometimes loves to bark up trees—  
He bath his shaggy necks in  
And likewise flees."

A million and fifty-five thousand men are reported to be on the military register of the German government. Of this number 398,000 are upon a so-called black list, for not having served, including 190,000 who have left the country to avoid serving. It is estimated that one German in every eight expatriates himself to avoid military service.

Indications point to a general raid on the protective tariff in congress this winter. The Philadelphia Press declares that the course of English trade is now rapidly changing to the use of American manufactures, not only for consumption in English markets but for distribution to the world outside, which they formerly supplied with their own works.

The Indiana papers are making a great fuss about a man in Valparaiso who recently picked up a horse and carried it across the street. It is easy enough to pick up a horse if you know how. The best way is to let the lines get under his tail, and then lift. And it will surprise you to see how easily you can lift the horse clear over the dash board and into your lap.—[Burlington Hawkeye.]

"This is George the Fourth," said an exhibitor of waxwork for the million, at a penny each, pointing to a very slim figure with a theatrical crown on his head. "I thought he was a very stout man," observed a spectator. "Werry likely," replied the man, shortly, not approving of the comment of his visitor, "but if you'd a been here without wittles half so long as he has, you'd a been twice as thin."

The gentleman who left church so suddenly last Sunday was not sick, as his friends feared at the time. That forenoon just before service, he visited his barn to see that his horse had been properly cared for, and, finding a new-laid egg, he put it in his coat-skirt pocket. The recollection that the egg was still in his pocket prompted him to steal away from the congregation to make investigations, and we regret to say that his worst fears were realized.—[Ex.]

A discussion in the convention of librarians at London brought out some curious facts concerning the British museum. Several speakers advocated the compiling of a complete catalogue of the books in the museum, which, it is estimated, would cost not less than \$1,500,000. It would have to contain 3,000,000 titles. A quarter of a century would be taken up in the printing of the catalogue, and by that time there would be an accumulation of 300,000 to 400,000 new titles.

## THE GREAT RACE.

Parole Beats Tenbroeck and Ochiltree.

The great event of the day was a dash of two and a half miles for all ages, \$500 entrance, play or pay, the club to add \$1,000. Harper's Tenbroeck, carrying 114 pounds, George L. Lorillard's Tom Ochiltree, carrying 114 pounds, and P. Lorillard's Parole, carrying 105 pounds were the starters. In the pools, Tenbroeck was the favorite at large odds, selling against the field at nearly two to one. He sold for \$1,200, while Tom Ochiltree brought \$400 and Parole \$335. The widest excitement prevailed about the pool stands and on the grand stand. The horses started well with Tenbroeck in front, Ochiltree second, Parole third. On the upper turn Tenbroeck opened two lengths ahead of Tom, and Parole was two lengths behind, and at the end of the quarter, while Tenbroeck held his advantage, Parole fell back two lengths. The first half mile was run without change and when the two horses passed the stand the most intense excitement prevailed. Around the lower turn Ochiltree recovered one length, and at the quarter-pole was only one length behind Tenbroeck, with Parole three lengths behind. On the back stretch Ochiltree gained another half-length, and Parole ran easily at his distance, only two lengths in the rear, and at the half-mile Ochiltree was only a half length behind Tenbroeck, while Parole had gained one length. On the upper turn Ochiltree pushed forward and showed a head in front, increasing his advantage to a half length at the three-quarter pole. Down the home stretch he increased the advantage to two lengths, with Parole three lengths behind Tenbroeck. In that order they passed the stand, but on the lower turn Tenbroeck gained the length he had lost, as did also Parole. At the quarter Tenbroeck and Ochiltree ran head and head, and on the back stretch Tenbroeck showed a head in front. He increased his advantage at the half-mile pole, and went into the upper turn one length ahead of Ochiltree, who led Parole over a length. At the three-quarter pole Parole made a dash and ran up even with Ochiltree. Down the home stretch the running was fine, Parole went gallantly to the front and finished two lengths ahead of Tenbroeck, who beat Tom Ochiltree four lengths. Time, 4:37.

After the race Parole was received with cheers, and the people gathered around him. As soon as his jockey was weighed the crowd raised him on their shoulders and carried him about the track with cheer upon cheer.

## The Ordnance Report.

General Benet, the chief of ordnance, calls attention in his report to what he deems the unprotected state of the public property at the national armories and arsenals, there being only twenty men to protect the Pittsburg arsenal in the midst of the recent mobs. He estimates the value of the public establishments and stores at \$200,000,000, and thinks an addition of 1,000 enlisted men to the ordnance corps a prudent step. There are now in store only 8,562 rifles and 5,983 carbines, and General Benet recommends the manufacture of 50,000 during the next fiscal year, and of a similar rate of production till half a million guns be in store. The estimate for 50,000 guns is \$900,000. He would also raise the appropriation for arming and equipping the militia from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000, the former sum being sufficient for the arming of only 8,000 men. One of General Benet's most pressing and proper recommendations probably is for the increase of the supply of metallic ammunition, which has been hitherto only been ten rounds per man per month, or 3,000,000 cartridges annually. This meager allowance gave point to the aphorism of the plains that the Indian was a better marksman than the soldier, because he was more generous of ammunition than the United States government. Gen. Benet has been compelled to double the allowance, and has now only 6,000,000 cartridges in store. He asks for \$95,000 for the armament of fortifications and the insertion of wrought-iron rifle tubes into smooth bore cannon, by which they can be made to pierce anything less than 8-inch iron plate at 1,000 yards. He recommends also the manufacture of Gatling and Hotchkiss guns, especially the latter, and asks for \$100,000 for the establishment of experimental powder-mills. The expenditure by the bureau of ordnance in 1876-7 was \$1,735,000.

## What's in a Name?

The Sun thinks that if Sam Randall used his opportunity "wisely, bravely and faithfully," he may be a very important citizen about three years hence. "The Sun is guilty of a high crime. To set the presidential bee buzzing in any man's bonnet is to ruin him for life. The country tried Sam singing last November, and the strain wasn't victorious if it was lively. No one of the name of Samuel J. ever was or ever will be a tenant of the white house. It's well to decide these things now."

## CITY NEWS.

The receiver of the I. C. & L. railroad yesterday filed his report for September in the S. C. clerk's office. Total receipts for the month, \$284,183.70; balance from last report, \$25,977.70; total, \$310,161.40. Total expenditures, \$193,332.59. The report shows a general reduction of outstanding indebtedness.

S. Root's fire escape was tested at the Bates house yesterday afternoon, and worked satisfactorily, several persons descending from the fourth floor in safety and with the greatest of ease. Now John Tutwiler, of this city, proposes to introduce another sort of escape, having already obtained a patent on it.

A large number of prominent gentlemen of this city, of both parties, have requested that Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees deliver his lecture on Jefferson here at an early day. The distinguished gentleman has accepted the invitation, and names Thursday, November 8th, as the time when it will be convenient to comply with the request.

George B. Yandes yesterday received a telegram from Virginia City, Montana, announcing the death of Daniel Yandes, jr. Mr. Yandes had been there for more than two years past engaged in mining. His death comes unexpectedly to friends and relatives in this city. He was the nephew of Daniel Yandes, sr., and leaves a wife and two children.

Appearance of the Country.

The recent frosts, supplementing the work of the rainy weather, have largely stripped the trees of their gaudy fall plumage, but some of the tougher ones hold out and show some green patches where they have had water handy. The grass is remarkably green and fresh for nearly the first of November. Even among the rag weeds and iron weeds of the bottoms it gleams as brightly as May, and the green gleams and streaks through the openings in the rusty weeds look like emeralds shining through the holes and rips of a self-colored old coat. While some of the yellow leaves are scattered over this verdure the contrasts of the vivid colors are striking.

## THE STOCK YARDS.

Some Points About Them—Rapidly Approaching Completion—When Operations Will Begin.

Two tracks are down on each side of the stock yards, but these are to be doubled, the inner one being for the discharge and reception of stock on the cars, and three other ones mainly for the storage of cars during the time of waiting shipments. These will be connected by a double track around the south end, but as there will be little use for it except as storage room and freight yard convenience, it will be completed when it is needed. Next to the inside track on both sides, and the whole length of the double range of stables, is to be a platform ten feet wide and of the exact height of a car floor, to which the ground will be leveled. It will be supported by red cedar posts like all the work, even to the exterior fences and the subdivision posts of the stables, and heavy oak plank. All the hard-service lumber of the entire yard inside and outside, is oak. No fragile pine or fast-rotting poplar anywhere where there is strain or exposure. The stables are walled by a double fence of oak, the pens are separated by oak barriers, the troughs are oak, the racks oak, the braces of the posts oak, the caps of the fences oak, and the brackets that the troughs rest on are oak. Only the roofs are pine, and they are tarred and grained till an ox could be taken from one of the pens below and roasted whole anywhere from the attics to the caves without disturbing the insurance companies.

Just at the inner edges of these landing platforms are receiving pens, thirty feet square, also of cedar posts and oak plank, with gates opening to the platform on one side and to the stables on the other. An alley runs between the receiving pens and the stables, which the gates when open precisely close, so that unruly stock can't turn and run up or down the alley the wrong way. The gates opening on the platform exactly cross them the same way, and these force the landing stock right into the pens. Thence the way into the stables is guarded by immovable oak fences that could only be jumped by the breed of the "old cow" that jumped over the moon, and there was little of her blood left after she lighted on the other side. These pens and platforms will be finished this week, or come within a very little of it.

The water troughs are made of two-inch oak, three feet wide at the top, nearly two at the bottom, about twelve feet long, and twenty inches deep. They are covered by inclined lids, which completely exclude all dust and detrimental stuff of any sort. A hydrant is set at the head of each one to fill it, and a pipe carries the refuse into the sewer below. They are placed at the ends of the division fences, so that the stock in the pens on each side can use the same trough. The feeding troughs are smaller, and extend along both sides of each pen, which as heretofore published are 45 feet wide by 81 long. The racks are made of slats of oak an inch thick and 3 or 2½ inches wide, and are set between the pens so that one filling serves both sides. The hog pens, the two western stables being consecrated to those tenements of the Gadarene devils, and are capable of holding about 15,000 of them. They have a first class scale on the westernmost stable, as the cattle have in the easternmost.

A fence of cedar and oak surrounds the entire yard, or will very soon, as the posts are being set as fast as hands can do it, and a division fence separates the stables from the Exchange building. The street from the Belt, beside the railway into the yard on the west, which is 60 feet wide, is getting its covering of gravel. A corresponding street on the east side will make a way out of the yard for carriages and stock. The latter will run between the engine house and the pump house at the northeast corner of the yard. These buildings are complete, and the work behind that is indispensable to the commencement of business is the completion of the stone foundations and massive frames of the water tanks. These are covered by as many workmen as can find room to work. The central portion of the main exchange building is unroofed. The rear and the wings of the fronts are under cover, the former having been slated and a course of inside finishing completed for a week or two. The connections of the Belt with other roads are all done, except the Vincennes, which can be finished in a day; the stone work of the upper bridge is ready for the superstructure; the big fill across the Cottrell bottom done, and the road-bed pushing on from the Bloomington crossing to the Lafayette road at North Indianapolis. A rumor is current on the Belt that the Bee line will begin its transfer by the new road next Monday. By that time, or within a very little of it, all the operations of the many-named "Union railroad transfer and stock yard company" will begin. The telegraph line is done.

## Compound Committeth Ethical Fracture.

At the recent meeting of the Marion county medical society Drs. Bullard, Elder, Wright, Cominger and Harvey, in voluminous writings, charged Dr. R. N. Todd, I. O. Walker and Joseph Eastman with violation of section first, article first, second division of the code of ethics of the American medical society and of the Marion county organization, in that they visited the city hospital on or about the 10th, 13th, 17th and 20th of October, 1877, and then and there did examine and prescribe to any other than patients while Drs. Boyd, Rumels and Compton irregular (that is homoeopathic) physicians were officially recognized as members of the hospital staff, and that the offenders by such visits detracted from the honor and dignity of the medical profession. The whole matter, insignificant to any other than a medical mind, grows out of the rivalry between the two colleges, and was referred by the society to the judiciary committee.

## A CARD.

I have recently returned from the East with a large stock of goods of the latest and choicest designs and styles. I have been very busy for the last month working and arranging them for inspection. I am now prepared to show you the largest stock of new, desirable and stylish WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE and DIAMONDS ever brought to Indianapolis, which I will sell you at LOWER PRICES than you can procure the same for elsewhere. Do not buy a piece of old, shop-worn goods when you can buy choice new goods for less money. Get your prices elsewhere, then come and see me, and you will realize the bargains I am offering in goods and prices. F. M. HERBON, Jeweler, 16 West Washington street.

## CARPETS.

WE PUT ON SALE

This Morning

50 Pieces Body Brussels,

75 Pieces Tapestry Brussels,

50 Pcs. Extra Supers and 3-Plys.

All new goods and patterns, the handsomest styles shown this season. Will sell them at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere in this city. Come and see them.

A new line of TWO-PIECES, from \$25 to \$40 per yard.

See All the Latest Novelties in WALK PAPER, Window Draperies, Shades, etc., in a large stock of OIL CLOTHS, to be sold very cheap.

ADAMS, MANSUR &amp; CO.



## New York Store.

(Established 1853.)

### HAVE IN STOCK FULL LINES OF STAPLE LINEN GOODS.

To which we invite the attention of Ladies. Brown Crashes, Bleached Crashes, Stripe Crashes, Loom Damask Towelings, Dico and Stripe Towelings, Brown and Bleached Towelings, Glass Towelings, Loom Dicoes, Loom Damasks, Brown Damasks, Bleached Linen Damasks, Turkey Red and Madder Damasks, Scotch, Irish and German Towelings, Bleached Buck Towels, and a full line of Housekeeping goods generally. **For every economical housekeeper should favor us with an early call.**

### In Felt Skirts

WE HAVE EVERYTHING.

### FLANNELS AND BLANKETS, A Complete Assortment.

### Quilts and Comforts, A FULL LINE AND CHEAP.

Every article marked in plain figures.

### PETTIS, IVERS & CO., New York Store,

## CRASH! BANG! SMASH!

Have just purchased an immense lot of Towels, Bed Spreads, Underwear, Hosiery, CORSETS, Bustles, Soaps, Satchels, Ties, Note Paper, etc., etc., all to be sold at actual New York Importers' prices.

### TUCKER'S,

9 North Penn.

### INDIANAPOLIS

### SAVINGS BANK.

66 EAST MARKET STREET. Depositors only are Stockholders and receive interest on their deposits. W. N. JACKSON, President. JOHN W. RAY, Treasurer.

## CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

### STILL THEY COME!

The Largest Stock in the State.

On FRIDAY MORNING, October 26th, we will put on sale another lot of CLOAKS, in Plain Beaver, Mink and Rough Cloaks, which, in addition to our present stock, will make the largest display of Cloaks ever made in this market.

100 CHEAP CLOAKS, From \$4.50 up. They are nicely finished.

### CLOSE & VASSON.

## BEE-HIVE.

### CITY NEWS.

About \$1,500 will be realized from the recent Catholic fair.

The Belt road directors have decided to deliver hogst one cent per head.

The Journal speaks of a man who "deceased." It wanted to refer to a man who died.

The Gruenert concert saloon opened again last night with the prohibited female attractions.

Bishop Domenic, of Allegheny, whom rumor says is to occupy this diocese, is 57 years of age, not 67 as stated yesterday.

The jury in the John Culp case, last evening, returned a verdict of guilty and two years imprisonment for the crime of incest.

F. S. contributes to the Journal this morning, that nice little six line poem which Jerome Burnett wrote for the Mirror some years ago.

The New Albany Ledger-Standard has "reliable information" that Senator McDougal is soon to lead to the altar a fair treasury clerk, a widow.

Judge A. L. Roache, of this city, has been elected director of the Chicago and South Atlantic railroad company, a fine that has been elegantly mapped out on paper, and W. O. Foley, assistant secretary.

The department was called out at 8:30 last night to attend to a fire at Smith's grease factory, on the bluff road, caused by a coal oil lamp explosion. The fire was extinguished with a few buckets of water. No damage.

During the absence of Michael Brendley and wife from their home near Crown Hill yesterday, a bold thief entered the house, driving out the children and collecting jewelry to the amount of \$50, coolly walked off with his accumulations.

The base ball reporter of The News in writing up the horse races found himself telling how the winning horses crossed the home plate scoring runs. The effort of running his pencil through this phrase has made life a burden to the unhappy young man.

Dr. Bliss, who had intended leaving for Chicago last night, determined at the eleventh hour to remain in the city until Sunday, having come to regard Senator Morton's condition as critical, and requiring his constant attention. A change in his mode of treatment has been decided upon. The sick man has taken a little food in the past month that he is in actual danger of dying from starvation unless a change is soon apparent.

### The Removal of the State House.

To the Editor of The Indianapolis News: What right had the state house commissioners to award the contract for the removal of the old state building to J. Martin, when he was not a bidder at the time of receiving bids, on the 25th of August, 1877? I, D. G. Leffer, claim that the job is mine, according to the regular form of letting public work, for the reason that the bids were opened on the same day they were received, therefore other parties could not use my bid.

D. G. LEFFER, Indianapolis, Indiana.

### Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, October 25—7 a. m.

Cairo	64 S cloudy
Chicago	53 S cloudy
Cincinnati	54 S cloudy
Cleveland	50 foggy
Denver	57 S clear
Indianapolis	55 S cloudy
Keokuk	55 light rain
Leavenworth	58 N cloudy
Louisville	53 S cloudy
Nashville	55 SE light rain
New Orleans	61 cloudy
New York	67 E light rain
Omaha	45 foggy
Portland	54 W fair
Salt Lake City	45 S cloudy
San Francisco	58 foggy
St. Louis	60 SE cloudy
St. Paul	57 S cloudy
St. Petersburg	45 NE cloudy
Victoria	61 NE light rain

People will not be so very foolish that they will allow themselves to be deceived with a new Cough Syrup when they have experienced the value of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for many years. Price 25 cents.

### LARGE STOCK

### SCRAP PICTURES,

The Latest Thing in Visiting Cards Bankers' Diaries for 1878, FABER'S GOLD PENS, AT

CATHCART & CLELAND'S, 26 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

### Snyder's Curative Pads.

Worn over the parts affected, absorb all malarial from the system. They positively cure the worst cases of Liver, Lung, Heart, Kidney, Spine, Bladder and Womb ailments. Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Soreness at pit of Stomach or Bowels, Female Weakness, Sick or Nervous Headache, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, Headaches, etc., may be entirely eradicated by wearing one of our Pads. Many of our best citizens can attest to their merit.

The Liver and Lung Pad 95. Kidney and Spinal Pad 95. Womb Pad for Female Weakness, \$3.00.

Ask your Druggists for Snyder's Curative Pad, and take no other, or enclose the price in a letter addressed to H. ARMSTRONG & CO., 17 Indiana avenue, Agents for Indiana. E. F. SNYDER & CO., Proprietors, Indianapolis, Ind. Sold by Druggists.

### FILL UP

### YOUR

### Coal Bins

FROM OUR LARGE STOCK OF

### COAL AND COKE.

We sell the BEST QUALITY and LOWEST PRICES. Don't fail to see us.

### COBB & BRANHAM.

OFFICE—S. W. corner Market and Delaware sts., Baldwin's Block.

COAL YARD—140 South Alabama street.

### NOW IS THE TIME

To have your Stoves set up, and

Davis's Tin Shop, 531 N. Illinois st.

IS THE PLACE.

### CLEAN, EVEN AND DRY

### CRUSHED

### COKE.

My PATENT CRUSHER is crushing Coke to please every one that uses it. Give me a trial. I warrant entire satisfaction. All kinds of

### COAL

In immense quantities. Every load sent is correctly weighed.

### G. R. ROOT,

N. W. Cor. Market and Del. Sts.

5 North Illinois street.

### AYER'S

### Ague Cure,

For the speedy relief of Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chills, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, etc., and indeed all the ailments which arise from malarious, marsh or miasmatic poisons, has been widely used, during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it, do not return, until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy and trusted specific for the Fever and Ague of the West and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure graduates the malarious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed, where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from miasmatic poison, it removes the cause of them, and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malarial air, it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The general debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to malarial miasma, has no specific remedy. For Liver Complaints it is an excellent remedy.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines.

### IT IS SETTLED

### In Order to Consolidate My

### Two Stores,

24 and 50 E. Washington St.,

AT AN EARLY DAY, I WILL CONTINUE TO SELL AT

### BOTH STORES,

My Stock of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Cans, Bronzes, Fancy Goods, Etc.,

At Less than Manufacturers' Cost.

I must sell Fifty Thousand Dollars worth AT ONCE, and, in order to do this, will hold

Two Auction Sales Each Day,

At 3 and 7 o'clock.

BOTH STORES open for private sale all hours of the day and evening.

### HARRY CRAFT.

### Great Reduction Sale

### OF

### Dress Goods

AT THE

### BOSTON STORE

### IMMENSE

BARGAINS TO BE HAD.

GREAT BARGAINS in all and every kind of WORSTED GOODS.

CHEAPEST BLACK CACHMERES ever offered in this city.

Large stock of FRINGES to match all colors.

Come early and avoid the jam.

### Boston Store

### NIBLOCK, MERRIFIELD & CO.

Miners of Block Coal, and dealers in all kinds of Coal and Coke, 59 West Washington St. Yard, corner Davidson and Ohio streets.

### MEDICAL AND SUGICAL USES OF

### Electricity.

Dr. J. M. CARVIN, northeast cor. Maryland and Illinois streets, Indianapolis, treats Chronic Diseases.

All who are afflicted with any of the following diseases, old or young, should not fail to call: Dr. CARVIN treats Eye and Ear, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Epilepsy or Fits, Piles, Rupture, Cancer, St. Vitus Dance, Scrofula, Spinal and Hip Diseases. A positive cure for Ague. Best reference given.

### NEW BUCKWHEAT

### FLOUR

AT THE

### GERMAN TEA STORE,

S. E. Cor. Washington and Del.

### The Franklin

### LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

THE ONLY HOME COMPANY IN THE STATE.

### SECURE! MUTUAL! LIBERAL!

Its best friends are among the principal business men of Indianapolis—men who know it best. Its funds loaned only to policy holders.

Admitted Assets, \$377,073.83.

Officers—A. D. Lynch, President; A. G. Pettibone, Vice President; L. G. Hay, Secretary; Fred. Bagg, Treasurer; Wm. E. Harvey, Actuary.

Medical Advisers—F. S. Newcomer, M. D.; J. H. Woodburn, M. D.

General Office in Company's Building, corner Kentucky avenue and Illinois street.

### NO FAILURE KNOWN.

There is no case on record where Dr. Morris's Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound has failed to give satisfaction. On the other hand, wherever it has been used by our people, in severe colds, coughs, asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and consumption, they are enthusiastic in its praise. Containing no opium or other dangerous drug, it does not constipate, and is safe to administer in all conditions of health. This is an important recommendation, and the suffering are advised to keep it. Large sizes, 50 cents and one dollar.

Sold by WARD BROS., 150 Fort Wayne avenue; J. W. Dryer, 244 East Washington street, and E. Martin, South Meridian street and Russell avenue. Browning & Sloan, General Agents.

Also, Agents for Professor Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is sure death to worms. Pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price, 25 cents. Try it.

### OCTOBER MEETING.

### CAPITAL CITY

### DRIVING PARK

### Association,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

### OFFICERS.

W. R. PETTIT, President.

S. W. PATTERSON, Vice President.

GEORGE W. SCOTT, Secretary.

JAMES B. RYAN, Treasurer.

### OCTOBER MEETING, 1877.

PREMIUMS, \$7,500.

October 23d, 24th, 25th,

26th and 27th.

### MEMBERS OF THE

### National Association

### PREMIUMS.

FIRST DAY—Tuesday, October 23d.

1. PURSE \$500, for 2.25 CLASS. \$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$50 to Fourth.

2. PURSE \$500, for 3-MINUTE CLASS. \$250 to First, \$125 to Second, \$75 to Third, \$50 to Fourth.

SECOND DAY—Wednesday, Oct. 24.

3. PURSE \$500, for 2:40 CLASS. \$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$50 to Fourth.

4. PURSE \$400, for PACTING CLASS. \$200 to First, \$100 to Second, \$60 to Third, \$40 to Fourth.

THIRD DAY—Thursday, October 25.

5. PURSE \$500, for 2:30 CLASS. \$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$80 to Fourth.

6. PURSE \$300, for RUNNING RACE, MILE HEATS. \$200 to First, \$100 to Second.

FOURTH DAY—Friday, October 26.

7. PURSE \$500, for 2:35 CLASS. \$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$80 to Fourth.

8. PURSE \$500, for 2:27 CLASS. \$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$50 to Fourth.

FIFTH DAY—Saturday, October 27.

9. PURSE \$500, for 2:22 CLASS. \$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$80 to Fourth.

10. PURSE FOR RUNNING RACE, 2 MILES, 2 HEATS. \$350 to First, \$175 to Second.

11. PURSE \$100, for SPANISH RACES. 10-mile heat—free for all—no entrance fee.

PURSE \$1,500.—SPECIAL RESERVE. For Bonus, Nettle, Great Eastern, Hopful, Lucille, and others. Particulars to be made known hereafter.

Entries closed Tuesday, October 16, 1877, at 11 o'clock p. m., and should be addressed to:

GEO. W. SCOTT, Secretary.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, Indianapolis, Ind.

Admission 50 cents each day, except Thursday, when it will be \$1.00. Grand stand 25 cents extra.

### DRUGS AND PERFUMES.

J. B. DILL, 99 Indiana avenue.

### FRANK FERTIG,

HOUSE, SIGN AND FRISCO PAINTER. Removed to 34 Circle st., Ross Block.

### HODGSON, Architect,

Rooms 2 and 4 Griffith Block.

### MENDENHALL, M. D., Surgeon,

Office—126 N. Meridian st. Residence—130 N. Tennessee.

### J. T. BOYD, M. D.,

Surgeon and Homoeopathic Physician, 59 Massachusetts avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

### DRES. WANDS & SUTLIFF,

84 East Market street. Residence—Dr. Wands, 330 E. Vermont. Dr. Sutcliffe, 330 E. McCarty.

### W. S. HAYMOND, M. D., Surgeon,

Residence—College ave. and Tenth st. Office hours—From 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

### J. A. COMPTON, M. D.,

Residence 81 East New York street. HOMOEOPATHIST. 40 East Ohio street.

### R. E. HAUGHTON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon. Office, 26 E. Ohio. Office hours from 7 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 6 to 9 p. m. Residence 145 Bellefontaine street.

### M. T. RUNNELS, M. D.,

Oculist and Aurist. Office—Corner Circle and West Market sts.

### COMINGOR & MARSEE, Surgeons,

Offices—107 1/2 South Illinois street. 76 East Michigan street.

### MUSIC.—Great Western Band,

Sixteen men. Engagements solicited. J. B. Cameron, Leader Band; A. H. Smith, Leader Orchestra; Abe Springsteen, Manager.

### State Savings Bank,

56 N. Pennsylvania St., INDIANAPOLIS.

AQUILA JONES, Sr., President. CHARLES H. SMITH, Treasurer.

Directors—Arthur L. Wright, Dr. F. H. Jameson, Francis Smith, Henry Coburn, Wm. A. Bradshaw, Fred F. Fahney, David W. Coffin, J. M. Judah.

All profits paid to depositors. Small accounts solicited.

### SALISBURY, VINTON & CO.,

Central Paper Mill. Make the best article of Newspaper.

The paper on which the Indianapolis Journal is printed is furnished by this mill.

### Mrs. A. S. FOWLER

Would respectfully inform the LADIES that she is making Fashionable Suits from \$5 to \$10. Patterns, Cutting and Fitting a specialty. The French System taught of Dress Cutting and Designing, 39 1/2 East Washington.

### CHEAPEST AND BEST

### WOOD AND COAL,

CORNER INDIANA AVENUE AND CANAL

PATTERSON & DUNNING.

### SPECIFICS.

### SPEC



# SHAWLS!

Paisley, Thibet, Mourning, Delhi Stripes, Imitation India, Velvet Reversibles.

All the new Novelties in Domestic and Imported Shawls.

P. S.—94 Imported Woolen Shawls, samples from a large importing house, bought at a discount of 25 per cent., now on sale at from \$4 to \$10.

## BEST BARGAINS

Ever Offered, which will be open but for a few days.

## Silk and German CLOAKING VELVETS.

(27 inches wide), from \$8.50 to \$16 per yard. These Goods were purchased at a Forced Sale, and are Remarkably Cheap.

## Dress Trimming Novelties.

Immense Stock of Silk and Chenille Fringes, Gimps, Insertions; also with Claret de Lune Beads; Silk and Velvet Embroidered Galloons.

New Crochet, Pearl, Ivory, Inlaid, Claret de Lune Buttons in our Trimming Department. (Special prices to Dressmakers.)

## LACES!

Real Thread and Guipure at Very Low Prices.

### SOMETHING NEW

In Guipure and Thread Braid at \$3 to \$6.

## Ladies' Muslin Underwear; A Job Lot.

The Finest Muslin, Handsome Embroidery, and made beautifully—Half Price.

Chemise, Night Dresses, Drawers and Skirts, trimmed in Torchon Lace—Half Price.

## Infants' Department.

NEW CLOAKS, New Long and Short Dresses, New Skirts and Slips, New Blouses and Shawls, New Caps, Hoods and Bonnets, New Baskets, Bottles, Etc.

## L. S. Ayres & Co.,

33, 35 & 37 W. Washington St.

## Bingham, Walk & Mayhew, JEWELLERS.

We can show you this week some special bargains in Solid Silverware, and would also call your attention to the almost daily arrival of new goods of all kinds. Our stock of Watches is very complete, and we can give you very low prices. In Ladies' Gold Watches we can give you extra good bargains. Watch repairing and jobbing is also a specialty.

Remember the place, 12 E. Washington street, Sign of the Street Clock.

## TOILET SETS,

Vases, Brackets and

## MANTLE ORNAMENTS

AT

## King's Fancy Bazaar,

6 E. WASHINGTON ST.

## WE HAVE ON HAND

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

## Navy Tobaccos.

A trial is all that we ask in order to convince you that the goods are first-class.

## Chas. F. Meyer,

11 North Pennsylvania St.

## 85 CENTS

WILL BUY A

## VERY GOOD CARPET.

Wall Paper and Window Shades.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

## ROLL & MORRIS,

30, 32 and 34 South Illinois St.

## HOME Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK.

Cash Assets, \$6,143,274.77

M. R. BARNARD & CO., Agents.

## A NEW BOOK

By Dr. J. G. HOLLAND,

NICHOLAS MINTURN.

1 vol., 12 mo. Price, \$1.75.

Send to any address on receipt of the price

## Merrill, Hubbard & Co.,

6 E. Washington St., Indianapolis.

## CITY NEWS.

Thermometer.

74. 55°; 1 p. m. 62.2°

A South Illinois street loan office displays \$1,000 in trade dollars in its show-window.

Kelly, the proprietor of the Everett house died last night of cancer of the stomach.

Walter J. Garvey, of the St. Louis union ticket office, is in the city visiting old friends and acquaintances.

The 9:30 train on the Vincennes road came in with eight coaches crowded with passengers bound for the races.

County treasurer Hanway is not particularly impressed with the eagerness of the American citizen to pay taxes.

W. R. Houshore's horse and carriage were stolen from in front of the residence of Canada Holmes where the family were visiting yesterday.

Recent repairs on Washington street east of Delaware, will go for naught as the new gas company is tearing that highway up to lay down mains.

A Catholic gentleman of this city, who has speculated largely in grain and real estate, has had his life insured for \$5,000 to be expended in masses for soul.

W. H. Carpenter, a well known telegraph operator of this city, was married last night to Miss Mary W. Carpenter, daughter of the auditor of Vermillion county.

A Liberty, Kentucky, youth who sprained his ankle last winter kicking the bounding football, has arrived at the surgical institute to have his leg amputated.

The insane hospital management has refused to receive Mrs. Lizzie Watson, on account of her horribly diseased condition and she was to-day sent to the city hospital.

Samuel Anderson and John Allen, saloon keeper, No. 275 West Washington street, were fined \$20 each in the city court to-day for selling liquor without a license.

Deputy prosecutor Lamb attended the races yesterday, and to-day he proposed to see his judgment made by a difference of opinion arose between himself and the opposing counsel in the city court.

A party of young folks from the First Baptist church gave an oyster supper last evening at the residence of Mr. Ferguson, six miles east of the city, and all had a delightful time.

The filing of petitions in bankruptcy this morning by Andrew J. Glover, Enslly Sink and Keller Thompson, wealthy farmers of Gosport, provokes the inquiry, "Is all Gosport going into the hopper?"

The Harriet Perry case is still dragging along in room No. 2, superior court. The plaintiff has succeeded in establishing a pretty bad reputation for herself, and her attorneys regard this as one step gained.

There is war among the South Illinois street business men on account of the sign nuisance. Several reformers propose to make a clean sweep and have the neglected ordinance regulating the matter strictly enforced.

Commissioners are now condemning property for the belt road between the L. & E. W. and Lake street railroads. They find a wave of increasing values rising before them, the financial values growing deeper they advance.

Mr. Moynahan, of Detroit, the owner of Edinburgh, one of the contesting buses at the Fair races, was robbed of a valuable diamond breastpin at the Occidental hotel night before last, and four dozen detectives are on the trail of the thief.

The wedding of Dr. E. F. Hodges, of Boston, to Miss Laura, daughter of Mr. S. A. Fletcher, Jr., was appointed to take place at 4 o'clock at the residence of the parents of the bride. The newly married couple will go east soon after the performance of the ceremony.

The grand lodge independent sons of honor met at 9 o'clock this morning in their hall. The day has been taken up with secret business of the order. The committee on nominations will report tomorrow, at which time the officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

An old gentleman, an early riser, went to visit his pastor this morning on church matters to find him in bed at nine o'clock. The old gentleman was indignant and spoke his mind, saying that no man who would lie abed till that time could do the Lord a full day's work.

Charles Boyer, arrested in Terre Haute last week by detective Page on a charge of railway ticket theft, was released by the mayor this morning. It is alleged that the crime was committed so long ago that the witnesses can not give an accurate history of the circumstances.

Louisa E. Deck to-day instituted suit to obtain a divorce from Henry C. Deck, alleging various wicked violations of the marriage vow as a cause for the proceedings. To forestall cards from numerous innocent Deck's, The News will state that the defendant is a printer, and was turnkey at the central station under democratic misrule.

United States Marshal Spooner to-day received a document from Washington, D. C., which proved to be a pardon for John H. Cook, now serving a penitentiary sentence of one year for robbing the mails on the Vincennes road. His term would expire on November 1, but the pardon relieves him of the payment of the fine, which was added to the imprisonment.

The authorities are keeping preternaturally quiet about a shooting affray between the police and a party of medical students who were transporting a dead body through the city at a late hour last night and consequently nothing can be learned about it beyond the bare fact that the row occurred near the corner of Mississippi and Michigan streets, and nobody was hurt.

Mrs. Barmer, Miss Marcella Willard, Messrs. R. J. T. White and S. L. Morrison have gone to Rockville to make the musical contest to be held there this and to-morrow evening. One of the prizes is \$50 for the best quartet singing six selections. There are also prizes of \$10 each for the best solo and tenor solos, and Mrs. Barmer and Mr. White will endeavor to win them.

Officers Tim Splahn and M. L. Murphy arrested Henry Strachelski this morning, who is charged with the theft of 1,000 cigars from the Mozart hall saloon last Monday night. The cigars were in boxes which had been disposed of at two or three eating houses opposite the union depot on Louisiana street, were recovered. Mr. Strachelski is said to be a great traveler, and has a record in St. Louis and other cities.

Austin Waddell, erstwhile colored porter at Fletcher & Sharpe's bank, was given two years in the penitentiary to-day, on a plea of guilty to grand larceny indictment based on the theft of Messrs. Fletcher's and Compton's diamonds. Mr. Noel, of Ferguson & Co., came into court and begged off John Morley, indicted for stealing hams from Ferguson's pork house. Morley was released on parole.

A Journal reporter who deals with statistics quite readily, makes the assertion that there has not been a death at the institution for the deaf and dumb since its organization. As this occurred in 1844 the students would appear to be miraculously preserved. There has not, however, been a death for the last three years. The statement that Mr. James S. Brown was the first superintendent is also incorrect. Mr. W. W. Willard being the first to hold that position.

The Last Charlie Rose Canard.

It devolves upon The News to puncture the last Charlie Rose sensation, published in the Cincinnati Commercial in the form of a special from Richmond, Ind., and reproduced in this paper yesterday. The story is that the stolen boy had been found in the possession of Mr. Moffitt, a wealthy farmer living in Wayne county, and that a fine romance was built upon the circumstance. Now the real facts are these: This child was taken into the Indianapolis orphan asylum in the spring of 1871 and was at that time nine months old. The mother was dead and the father, Brady by name, was a man of dissolute habits. The boy was adopted by Mr. Moffitt in July, 1872, and in the October following Charlie Rose was stolen. It is very evident that the Richmond Charlie Rose was "off" in his recognition of his "brother Walter" from a photograph shown him, and that his description about the trees, the two men in a carriage, and other little incidents, might have applied to Indianapolis trees and Mr. Moffitt. If indeed the whole story is not made out of whole cloth.

Entertaining Readings.

Parker Pillsbury, the noted abolitionist of olden times and the noted radical religiousist of to-day, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of M. H. McKay. Through the kindness of Mrs. M. W. Thompson, on North Alabama street, a select company of 25 friends have listened to Mr. Pillsbury read two lectures on the French revolution, one on Tuesday evening, the other on Wednesday evening. Mr. E. justifies the revolution and defends its leaders on high moral grounds. While not many if any of his auditors could agree with him in any of his extreme views, all felt highly entertained and instructed.

Dropped Dead.

James Crosby, residing on Greenwood street, dropped dead at 9 o'clock from an attack of apoplexy. He was recovered to Kregg's and the corner is holding an inquest this afternoon. The deceased was 53 years of age and leaves a family. He was a laborer.

## Not a Victim.

William Guffin, of Guffin's saloon, Rush county, came into the city this morning. He likes to see a good horse go and he came up to take in the races. While entering up Illinois street he was attracted by the dulcet tones of a smooth voiced auctioneer, and entered the shop to see a stall of second gold watch "going, going" for \$12. Mr. Guffin is no spring chicken. He knows the difference between a watch and a sound. The full jeweled article was handed him for examination and a brace of sleek young gentlemen stood at his elbow expressing the utmost anxiety to buy the watch themselves. Mr. G. turned it over and over in his hand, looking at it top and bottom, and prodding in among the entrails. He then offered \$1 for it, adding that it was false. Then there was a roar. The auctioneer called Mr. Guffin a pickpocket, and the old gentleman cracked his heels together and invited the whole shop to meet him on the sidewalk in deadly combat. He told them who he was, and gazing his arms like a Dutch wind-mill, delivered an impassioned speech to the effect that he would stay right here in the city and "bust the damned ranch," a large crowd gathering, the auctioneers and proprietors endeavored to pacify him, but he left vowing that he would come back with proper authority and give them at least \$1,000 worth of trouble for slandering him; besides he had read of these establishments and they "couldn't" play any gun games on him—not by a damned sight!

## A B-a-a-d Outfit.

Mayor Caven to-day had occasion to assess a fine against Charles Paulson for wife beating. Mr. Paulson, who is a gentle being six feet high and built for a blacksmith, has been in the habit of relieving the monotony of domestic life by chastising his wife, a frail, sickly creature, and thumping her in a way that would shame a Bush-Bazook. Even that manly sport grew tedious to Mr. Paulson, and a day or two ago he added variety to the marital entertainment by attempting to chop up the wife of his bosom with an 11-inch butcher knife. It was for them the mayor gave him an admonition and fined him in an amount that will restrain Mr. P.'s exuberance for some time to come.

The St. Denis hotel and Taylor's saloon is situated in the very heart of New York, at the corner of Broadway and Eleventh streets, opposite Grace church, and just above Stewart's retail palace. It is conducted on the European plan, is first class in every respect, and the restaurant is one of the finest in the city, while the prices are considerably lower. So better hotel can be found by visitors from Indiana, and those from Indianapolis have an additional attraction in the presence of the cashier, Mr. George F. Hignad, who was long a resident at this city. The News can always be found at the St. Denis among the other comforts of this elegant and homelike hotel.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Dr. C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are prepared especially to cure Sick Headache, Nervous headache, Dyspeptic headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness and sleeplessness, and will cure any case. Price 50 cents, postage free. Sold by druggists. Manufactured at 106 N. Eutaw st., Balt., Md. ue 3,11,5

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